Chicago Tribune.

VOLUME XVIII. CHICAGO, SUNDAY, JULY 31, 1864. NUMBER 27.

FROM GENERAL SHERMAN'S ARMY.

THE GREAT BATTLE OF THE 22d.

Desperate Rebel Assault Repulsed.

CRITICAL MOMENT FOR OUR ARMY.

Federal Loss 2,300 Rebel Loss Much Larger.

[Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.]

TWO MILES EAST OF ATLANTA, July 23, 1864.

JULY 22—2:25 a. m.—It is a splendidly bright moonlight night, such as enables one almost to read, and all about camp and along the whole battle line there is a silence contrasting strangely with the incessant rattle of musketry, which lulled us to sleep. What does it mean? "Guard, I say, how goes the night? Have the rebels fallen back from Atlanta? Where's all the noise we heard last evening?"

THE REBELS ASSUME A NEW LINE.

Morning showed that the rebels had withdrawn from the main line of fortifications at which they had first brought us to a halt, about two and a half miles from Atlanta, and had retired to another, which was about a mile and a half nearer the city. This they had done all along the line from the extreme right of General Thomas to the left of Gen. McPherson, shortening their front, of course, and enabling us to shorten our own. As developed by the subsequent startling movements and events of the day, their reason for this move was obvious, and was the dictate of a daring and resolute mind, such as now a years to be at the head of the rebel armies, and drew us on after them into a pursuit which came near proving unfortunate. It seems to me to have been simply this: They designed, by thus shortening their lines and relieving some portions of their army from their left, to push the relieved corps rapidly and desperately against our left wing early in the forenoon, before our marching column would make so further stand. The 20 Division had come in proximity to the rebel works, and were deployed and had thrown up defenses. They could rely on our following them up closely as soon as we discovered they had fallen back; and, even if we did so with the men fully deployed in line of battle, they hoped to strike us before any works could be put in our front to break the assault.

That this was their design appears from the testimony of a rebel Colonel who was captured in the assault, and said that the orders of Hardee and evidently expected to find in opposition only a thin line, if it did not count on having gone so far around as to come in on the rear. I am inclined to the latter opinion. About eleven o'clock they debouched from the woods into an open field, in which a good part of the works of the 17th Corps were constructed, along a ridge called Leggett's Bald Knob, and rushed upon us with the utmost fierceness, according to their usual manner. The 3d Division, General Lightburn, was on the left of the corps, and that commanded by General Giles A. Smith, occupied the right, holding, as I have said, the advanced position of three sides of a hollow square, though, of course, there were many deviations and breaks from so exact a figure. The men received the onset with their usual coolness, fortifying their fire with all possible rapidity; but the overpowering numbers of the enemy, massed, as usual, in many lines, bore down all opposition at first; and, driving in the whole front of Smith's and one which cost us much mischief. Two rebel regiments dashed right up this gorge below the range of our musketry, and passing on the two sides, opened a startling movement and events of the day, their reason for this move was obvious, and was the dictate of a daring and resolute mind, such as now a years to be at the head of the rebel armies, and drew us on after them into a pursuit which came near proving unfortunate. It seems to me to have been simply this: They designed, by thus shortening their lines and relieving some portions of their army from their left, to push the relieved corps rapidly and desperately against our left wing early in the forenoon, before our marching column would make so further stand. The 20 Division had come in proximity to the rebel works, and were deployed and had thrown up defenses. They could rely on our following them up closely as soon as we discovered they had fallen back; and, even if we did so with the men fully deployed in line of battle, they hoped to strike us before any works could be put in our front to break the assault.

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That this was their design appears from the testimony of a rebel Colonel who was captured in the assault, and said that the orders were carried to such places as could be found, such as were safest; no distinction between divisions and brigades could be preserved in getting them into hospitals. Many of the dead were yet unburied, and some not even brought away from under the fire of the rebels, and many are missing, who may yet report themselves to their regiments. All was done for the wounded that could be, but in some hospitals the morning saw their task a little more than half completed.

The 117th Iowa, belonging to the Iowa Brigade, which fought so obstinately on both sides of their works, are reported to have lost about 300 men killed, wounded and missing. The 64th Illinois lost 153. Still it must be remembered that these numbers may be much reduced by the appearance of missing men.

LOSS ALSO ON THE 15TH CORPS.

After the violence of the shock upon the 17th had passed by, and the enemy were repulsed, and a degree of quiet again restored upon that left, the enemy massed a second time for an attack upon our left, Gen. Dodge directing it upon the center of the 15th corps, and eventually on the left of the 2d. About 4 in the afternoon, Cheatham's corps (Hood's old corps) advanced above the railroad with great rapidity, and charged upon our line with the same impetuosity that they had on the 17th. Written words can scarcely depict the incredible audacity and the seeming total recklessness of life which characterize the rebel charges of this campaign. Here also, as in the 17th, the men had not been halted a sufficient length of time to complete perfectly their fortifications, as they had been engaged a good part of the day in feeling for the rebel position and strength. The 15th corps lay extending across the railroad. General Wood's division on the right, General M. L. Smith's in the center and on the railroad, and General Harrow's on the left. Where the line crossed the railroad there was a deep cut, which was left open and uncovered by any cross-fire, and right here was a mistake, and one which cost us much mischief. Two rebel regiments dashed right up this gorge below the range of our musketry, and passing on the two sides, opened a startling movements and events of the day, their reason for this move was obvious, and was the dictate of a daring and resolute mind, such as now a years to be at the head of the rebel armies, and drew us on after them into a pursuit which came near proving unfortunate. It seems to me to have been simply this: They designed, by thus shortening their lines and relieving some portions of their army from their left, to push the relieved corps rapidly and desperately against our left wing early in the forenoon, before our marching column would make so further stand. The 20 Division had come in proximity to the rebel works, and were deployed and had thrown up defenses. They could rely on our following them up closely as soon as we discovered they had fallen back; and, even if we did so with the men fully deployed in line of battle, they hoped to strike us before any works could be put in our front to break the assault.

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Chicago Tribune.

SUNDAY, JULY 31, 1864.

THE CONSCRIPT ACT.

The Chicago sends out 3rd Davis circular calling upon the friends of the Government to meet in their several wards on Monday, to take measures for the nomination of a ticket supporting which the Democratic party, the Administration, and the cause of the Union can be sustained, and the rebellion crushed. We shall not attempt to anticipate the action of the meetings, but shall content ourself with a few remarks upon the subject.

The Act of Congress, commonly called the Conscript Act, is the most important piece of legislation which has been enacted since the commencement of the rebellion. It is the most important because it is the most radical departure from the principles of our Government which has been made. It is the most important because it is the most radical departure from the principles of our Government which has been made. It is the most important because it is the most radical departure from the principles of our Government which has been made.

FROM SHERMAN'S ARMY.

FROM CAMP HANCOCK.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Special Notices.

Under the House of Flies,
ON TUESDAYS CELEBRATED
FLY-KILLER,
MAILED EVERYWHERE. jetchange

Dr. James

not often we speak of Physicians,

CENTS TO SAVE 25 DOL

Scales.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD
SCALES
OF ALL SIZES.
Fairbanks, Greenleaf & Co.
111 LAKE ST. CHICAGO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
W. POTTLE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 69 South Water ... Chicago.

To Contractors.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF

Legal Notices.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY

Banking and Exchange.

4th National Bank OF CHICAGO,

Designated Depository and Fiscal Agent of the United States.

No. 4 South Clark street,

This Bank is now prepared to receive subscriptions for the new United States

10-40 BONDS

Subject to the usual per centage, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

These Bonds are exempt from taxation, and at the present rate of premium on gold pay over

FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST.

They may be subscribed for in other funds, and will be promptly delivered as soon as issued, and the highest premium allowed on the amounts of gold or currency received in payment. They can be converted into coupon or registered bonds at any time, and will have the benefit of the "option" Bonds deliverable at the time of subscription, if desired.

S. A. BRIDGE, Cashier. JAMES LEMAND, President.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Designated Depository of the United States.

CAPITAL PAID UP $150,000.

President, J. D. NUTTMAN. | Cashier, W. B. FISHER.

DIRECTORS:
SAMUEL HANNA, J. D. NUTTMAN,
GEO. CH. ... H. ... FISHER,
JOHN HAGH... W. B. FISHER,
J. D. BRANDEGEE.

The Bank transacts a general Banking business, and offers its services to all accessible points.

Collections will meet with prompt attention and returns made at par on New York or Chicago exchange.

THE MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO.

CAPITAL ..... $250,000.

This Bank having complied with all the provisions of the new National Banking law, will hereafter transact a general Banking business at the

154 LaSalle-st., Sherman House Building.

WILLIAM H. BRANDON, President.
WILLIAM F. TUCKER, Vice-President.
CARL F. W. JUNGE, Cashier.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, DECEMBER 12, 1864.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the "First National Bank of Chicago," in the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, has complied with all the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has authorized to commence the business of Banking under said Act:

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "First National Bank of Chicago," in the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the said Act of Congress.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 12th day of December, 1864.

HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO,

Corner West Water, Lake and Clark-sts.

CAPITAL, Paid Up ..... $200,000.
SURPLUS ..... $50,000.

J. J. STANLEY, Cashier. H. SICKELS, Vice-Pres't.

Threshing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED
BUFFALO
Pitts' Threshing Machine,
FIRST INVENTED.

And only really successful Machine in use, which can be stored by one

100,000 FARMERS

throughout the West who have either purchased or used them. Headquarters,

95 and 97 West Randolph St.,

Where samples can now be seen

With Improvements for 1864.

Together with a general assortment of

Standard Farm Machinery.

Send for a pamphlet.

F. G. WELCH, General Agent.
P. O. Drawer 5878, Chicago.

Educational.

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

Rev. I. C. PEARSE, D. D., President.

Twenty-fourth year. Thorough course of instruction, with ornamental branches. Send for Catalogue. Fall term commences Sept. 7th.

M. SIMPSON, Pres't Trustees.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY

AT LAKE FOREST, ILLINOIS.

The Fall Term of this Institution will open on the 7th day of September next. Application for rooms should be made early. Important that application be made in advance. For Circulars, address

REV. D. BROWN, A. M.,
Lake Forest, July 15th, 1864. 1y15-a20-29t

Miscellaneous.

READY THIS MORNING!

A NEW

STAMP DUTY CARD,

CONTAINING A

Correct Schedule of Articles subject to Stamp Duty in accordance with the law passed June 30th, 1864, and which goes into operation Aug. 1st.

Mailed to any address on receipt of the price—10 cents.

ADDRESS

TRIBUNE COMPANY,
51 Clark St., Chicago.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMOVAL.

HALL, SOUTHWICK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,

Have removed to

Nos. 384 & 386 Broadway,

FIRST DOOR ABOVE WHITE ST.

NEW YORK.

We have greatly enlarged our manufacturing department, and are now in a position to supply the trade with a very large stock of the newest styles of our own manufacture, at the lowest market prices. We call the attention of Western Buyers to our stock of Ladies' Balmoral Boots, Misses' and Children's Balmoral Boots, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Slippers, Kid and Calf Boots, Shoes, &c., which we offer at very low prices.

VINELAND LANDS.

To all Wanting Farms.

Large and thriving settlement, mild and healthful climate, in pine woods of the Atlantic coast, within one day's journey by rail from the large cities. Churches and schools established. Good business openings for mechanics and others. Schools and good society.

It is now the most Improving Place East or West.

HUNDREDS ARE SETTLING AND BUILDING

The beauty with which the place is laid out is unsurpassed. Pamphlets, Plans, and Reports of Settlers will be sent free. Address CHAS. LANDIS, Vineland Post Office, Cumberland, New Jersey.

FROM REPORT OF SOLON ROBINSON, AGRICULTURAL EDITOR OF THE TRIBUNE.

"It is one of the most attractive tracts in the State, in an agricultural point of view, and the natural conditions for settling, that will secure all that needs of life."

1y15-a20-29t

CITY COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Chicago, July 26, 1864.

All persons whose property has been sold to the City for taxes, by the City, each district, since 1858, for the non-payment of Special Assessments, which has not been redeemed, are hereby notified that the time within which such property may be redeemed will expire on the

August First,

Of the date of the Comptroller with interest at one per cent. per month from the date of sale.

Public Sale at my Office at 12 o'clock M. August 2d, 1864.

To the highest and best bidder of not less than the amount for each Assessment.

S. HAYES, Comptroller.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY.

DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Three per cent. on the Stock of the original Capital (Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company), and Two per cent. on the Stock of the Consolidated Capital (Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company), for the last six months, payable at the Office of the Company in Allegheny City, on and after the 1st day of August next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th inst. to the 1st of August next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

W. L. BARNES, Sec'y.

$165.00.—I wish to purchase three Artillery Horses, from five to seven years old, weighing from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds each. They must be perfectly sound in every respect, and must be gentle to drive, and to weigh at Chicago Depot. Proposals for furnishing the same will be received at the Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, until 10 o'clock A. M. on the 29th inst. The Horses delivered at the U. S. Corrals, and subject to inspection by an officer appointed by the Quartermaster. Payment will be made on the receipt of the Horses, and the Certificate of Inspection. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals. Proposals may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

J. HOLL TAYLOR,
Major and C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH

Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army,
CHICAGO, ILL., July 15th, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock, A. M., July 25th, 1864, for furnishing Fresh Beef, Potatoes, Onions, Cabbage, Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, Soap, Candles, Hay, Oats, Corn, Straw, Coal, Wood, Charcoal, Coke, Ice, Forage, Stabling, Pasturage, Blacksmithing, Horseshoeing, Repairing Wagons, Carts, Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Lumber, Nails, Screws, Iron, Steel, Tools, Stationery, Blank Books, Printing, Advertising, Hospital Supplies, Cholera Mixture, Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Crutches, Artificial Limbs, Eye Glasses, Spectacles, Burial Cases, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, Hose, Rubber Blankets, Canteens, Haversacks, Knapsacks, Tents, Flies, Poles, Pins, Ropes, Tarpaulins, Wagon Covers, Horse Covers, Horse Blankets, Grain Bags, Feed Bags, Nose Bags, Curry Combs, Brushes, Horse Clippers, Scrapers, Forks, Shovels, Spades, Picks, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Saws, Files, Rasps, Augers, Bits, Chisels, Planes, Rules, Squares, Compasses, Gimlets, Screw Drivers, Wrenches, Pincers, Vises, Anvils, Bellows, Forges, Grindstones, Rifles, Muskets, Carbines, Pistols, Swords, Sabres, Sabre Belts, Cartridge Boxes, Gun Slings, Gun Caps, Gun Tompions, Gun Worms, Gun Screws, Gun Wipers, Gun Brushes, Gun Oil, Powder, Lead, Shot, Shells, Fuses, Primers, Friction Tubes, Port Fires, Rockets, Lanterns, Candlesticks, Lamps, Oil, Wicks, Chimneys, Lamp Burners, Lamp Globes, Lamp Shades, Lamp Posts, Lamp Irons, Lamp Glasses, Lamp Reflectors, Lamp Wicks, Lamp

Chicago Tribune.

SUNDAY, JULY 31, 1864.

THE CITY.

COL. MULLIGAN AND STAFF.—S. Alschuler, No 36 Randolph, has just issued copies of a very fine photograph of the late Col Mulligan and his staff taken on his recent visit to Chicago.

UNITED STATES COURTS.—These courts will not be in session after Tuesday or Wednesday next. Judge Davis, who has presided with Judge Drummond during the July term, left the city on Saturday evening, and is not expected to return until the October term.

RESCUED THE DEAD.—Reginald Smith, living on Clybourne avenue, was, on Saturday, accused before United States Commissioner Hoyne, with having committed a breach of the conscription act, by positively refusing to give the enrolling officer his name. The defendant was held to bail in $500, to take his trial in the United States Court.

"LET ME DOWN AND SAVE THE FLAG."—The last words of the brave Col. James A. Mulligan have formed the burden of a new song, set to appropriate music, and to be issued by Root & Cady on Tuesday next. The words and music are full of pathos, and will no doubt be warmly welcomed as a tribute to the memory of the departed hero.

CHILD DIED.—Coroner Wagner held an inquest yesterday on the body of a child eighteen months old, the son of an Irish immigrant family, named Nicholas Garvin. The child died on Friday on the Indianapolis train between this city and Lafayette, having been suffering some four weeks from diarrhœa. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts.

PLEASURE EXCURSION.—The splendid bark Sea, vills will leave the dock at foot of South LaSalle street, at 10 o'clock, p. m. (Sunday, July 31, for an afternoon excursion on the Lake, and returns at 7 o'clock, p. m. There will be a splendid band in attendance on board. Fare for the trip fifty cents. For tickets apply to James Houghton, foot of South LaSalle street.

REPRESENTATIVE RECRUITS.—H. E. Culver, and C. E. Culver, of this city, yesterday procured each a representative recruit, paid the bounty, and saw them safely sworn in to serve in Capt. Holbrook's company, 1st Board of Trade regiment. Both of these gentlemen are possessing extensive, fine, ball in rolling wisely. How many more of our leading men will follow suit?

A HARD CHANCE.—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of H. Z. Culver in another column. To those requiring a house an excellent opportunity is offered. The property is situated on in one of the best neighborhoods in the West Division, and is within the Fifth Ward Public eight or ten first class brick dwellings are in course of erection; among which is a very fine residence to be built on the northeast corner of the Burnt street line of horse cars will run close by.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, NIAGARA FALLS.—We take great pleasure in recommending this house to the traveling public. We cannot speak of its merits in too flattering terms. It is kept as a hotel should be, and we feel sure that the public may be sure of receiving every attention. Among its many attractions is the splendid corset band, which is to be found at the Falls. About 10 o'clock are given three times a week, and much to the pleasure and interest of the guests.

ACCIDENT.—John Wayman, a son of ex-Constable Wayman, six years of age, was badly injured on Saturday while playing with a straw cutter in the barn of Mr. Hicks on West Lake street. His left hand was caught under the knife and all the fingers severed completely off just below the second joint. Dr. Wanner was called and dressed the wounds and the boy is now doing well.

SUNSTROKE.—A lad about twelve years of age, named Matt Rowan, son of a grain trimmer, named Patrick Rowan, residing near Erie street bridge, was struck in the street on Saturday morning, while playing with other boys of his age, and when on North Clark, near Water, he suddenly fell. He was taken into the saloon of Mat Tighe and Shortly after expired. A physician was subpœnaed to be obtained. The boy is very low but it is believed he will recover.

NEW MUSIC.—B. N. Higgins, No. 117 Randolph street, has had published a very beautiful song, entitled "There will be no Vacant Chair," by A. E. Winnisteld, being a reply to the "Vacant Chair"; and "Sweet Bird," written by Hon. Horace P. Hayes. Mr. Higgins is adding largely to our stock of new music, his issues being generally of the best order, and he has weeks will well repay the conductor.

CHARITY.—Some days ago there appeared in the THIRTEEN an account of the wife of a rebel soldier, who begged her way from Marietta, Ga., to send her husband what he had deposited in the safe in Camp Douglas. As reported, the poor woman was very reached the camp in time to find him dead. Since the publication of the above we learn that through the exertions of Orderly Sergeant Robert A. Wilson, of Captain Kovats, independent Sharpshooters Western Reserves, the sum of $128 has been raised for her benefit.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Saturday morning a German named Adam Eichinger, residing at No. 387 State Street, entered the drug store of J. Reobold, No. 32 North Clark street, with a prescription which he wished to have compounded. While standing at the counter waiting to be served, he suddenly fell to the floor and before he could be carried out of the store he was dead. The deceased was forty-seven years of age, and for some years past has been employed as a coal heaver on the lines. He leaves a wife and three children. Coroner Wagner took an inquest and the jury rendered a verdict that the deceased died of sun stroke induced by physical debility.

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"Near the thunder of the battle,
Where the war-dog's wrathful yell,
Where the bullet's deadly rattle
Is the ruin of both a hall!
Hear a dying general speaking,
Cheering on by why will you flag?
And his words are words inspiring,
"Lay me down and save the flag!"

See the brave, faint and bleeding,
Scarce by wayward will he'd,
Yet can he, his lines receding,
Cry, "Forward, boys, forward!
Oh," he'd, "My brave heroes,
Ill be left and I can't flag,
Soldiers, I can't run away,
Lay me down and save the flag!"

Still they bore their chieftain gallantly—
Fired the foeman to the rear,
And the crowning rout made sweet,
Then they bore their leader home.
Cries he, "Here, comrades, leave me,
Though I die where I fall,
Cry me, though fairy nurses cluster me,
Lay me down and save the flag!"

Then they left him "among the wounded,
While he'd many years I ever fail;
And their hearts were full of sadness
In the saintly battle hall;
Then a whisper fell, they spoken,
Nor one moment's stir they lay,
For they heard these words so broken,
"Lay me down and save the flag!"

Thus they left him, as he perished,
With his country's honor fair,
But his name by all be cherished
While the nation's heart is there.
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ROBBERY.—A woman named Ellen McCarty, and Adam Copp, were yesterday arrested and taken before Justice Bryan, charged with the larceny from the Matteson House of bed clothing and other articles valued at $100. The missing property was found secreted in a room in Hice's block. Both parties, being unable to find bail, were committed to await their trial in the Recorder's Court.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Young Men's Bible Class meets every Sabbath afternoon at room 3, over the store of S. Medill & Co., corner of Clark and Washington streets. All are invited. Strangers are requested to attend.

The Sabbath morning service of the First Baptist Church, which has been held in Bryan Hall, is discontinued, and all the services of the church will be held until further notice in the lecture room of the building, corner of Randolph avenue, and Dearborn street. Preaching at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

There will be services as usual in Christ Church this morning, commencing at 10½ o'clock.

The usual religious services will be held to-day at 10½ o'clock, in Desplaines Street Methodist Episcopal Church. Officiating Pastor, Rev. E. M. Boring. Subject for the evening: "The Intermediate State."

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Browning had come to Chicago partly on business, and partly to see his children, and while here he consented to officiate as the clergyman of a fashionable wedding. The bridegroom was a wealthy and respectable "gentleman" of clerical aspect. The bride attended herself as the bride's maid. The ceremony was performed in the Fort Wayne Hotel, formerly a Chapsin in the 16th Michigan infantry. This last information, however, was not imparted until after the ceremony. The bride's maid then requested Browning to pray for the bridegroom, and while he was engaged in so doing the bridegroom and bride's maid quietly left the room, and the reverend gentleman was left alone with the bride. Browning then turned to the bride, and after handing over a large quantity of money and jewelry to his worthy sire, the young prosecuted his journey to the West, and the bridegroom would be robbed.

For some time the Rev Wilson demurred at the proceeding, pleading his perfect ignorance of Mr. Browning as a cause for that gentleman, but possessing sufficient confidence to have brought a suit, but at length his objections were overruled and he consented to marry the couple. It was then ascertained that the former would take his "receipt" for the amount Browning consequently handed over a bank bill, for which he received $100, and left for McVicker's. On the road however Wilson suggested that they should "take a drink" to celebrate the consummation of the play, and accordingly the pair entered a saloon in the vicinity of the Chester and paid for the drinks. While here the young friend left the house "for a few moments" by a rear door, and up to latest accounts had not returned. The bride and bridegroom left the hotel to seek him there, but finding that he had not been seen by the bar tender from the place, he had paid his board bill, and it was thought had left the city for parts unknown. Browning's money had not the appetite of his young friend, but the $150 which also was missed. Then, and not till then, the truth dawned upon the minds of the parties that they had been duped, and with sorrowful steps he wended his way to the Union Depot and left the city of his disaster, fully aware that no police force can ever return him his missing cash. One thing, however, he earnestly requests, if the man Brown should, in his clerical capacity, should hear any further news of the gallantry of the brother in law, he will be kindly pleased to write to Browning, P. O. Ypsilanti, Michigan, with his own address.

PORK PACKER'S ASSOCIATION

Consolidation of Stock Yards—Raising the Funds.

A meeting of the gentlemen interested in the packing business of the city was held yesterday, at the rooms of the Secretary of the Board of Trade, to take into consideration matters pertaining to their mutual interests, and particularly the matter of Union Stock Yards.

Col. Hancock stated the object of the meeting and read a letter from J. W. Brooks, President of the Michigan Central Railroad and Director of the Burlington & Quincy Railroad, setting forth the great desirability and necessity of the contemplated consolidation of the stock yards, and proposing an extension of the Illinois Central Road from the lake shore around the southern limits of the city to the track of the Burlington & Quincy Railroad. The Packers would aid somewhat in its construction—say to the extent of $200,000.

Considerable discussion followed, most of the speakers favoring the project.

C. M. Culbertson asked what guarantee the packers had that the yards would be established at such a point that they would accommodate them in any better than the present one.

Col. Hancock replied that he had conversed with the officers of all the inputting and outletting roads, and they were willing to locate the yards at any point the packers might select.

V. A. Tupper offered the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the plan suggested by J. W. Brooks, President of the Michigan Central Railroad, to consolidate the stock yards connecting the Chicago Burlington & Quincy road with the Illinois Central, meets the approval of this association.

Resolved, That we will unite with other beef and pork packers and shippers in a contract to and with the packers in interest to pay a certain per cent. per head for cattle and five cents per head for hogs on all the stock purchased for us respectively, for the consideration of one year until the consolidation of the sum of fifty thousand dollars, which sum shall be applied to the construction of the road suggested by Mr. Brooks: Provided, the arrangement is made by all the packing and outletting roads of the city for the consolidation of all the stock yards into one, for some point mutually agreed upon.

It was moved that a committee of three be appointed, of whom the Vice President shall be one, to prepare and circulate the pledge of agreement. Col. Hancock, O. H. Tober and C. M. Alberson, were appointed such committee.

On motion, the association then adjourned.

Freedmen's Aid Commission.

The aggregate disbursements of this Commission for the six months ending June 30th have been upwards of $25,000. Rev. Chas. Hill Ison, D. D., of Boston, who lately entered upon his duties as General Field Superintendent.

The Superintendent of Schools for Freedmen has returned South, after reporting in person the various results of the last three months' labors. She has also presented personal communications from Maj. Gen Banks, addressed to the Commission, and such as to indicate a desire to foster the growth of the industrial and educational system of the Department of the Gulf.

The Secretary of the Commission, in charge of relief stores of hospital and other supplies, is distributing these at an average rate of about Vicksburg, having supplied in peculiar Cave and Columbus, Ky. Requisitions for supplies and urgent calls for teachers are also daily received. The Commission have just had printed the first number of a neat octavo monthly entitled "The Freedman's Bulletin," the day sheet with extracts from the correspondence of the laborers and agents in the field. Gen. Fisk, Superintendent of Freedmen, will be in Chicago in a few moments" by a rear door, and up to latest accounts had not returned. The bride and bridegroom left the hotel to seek him there, but finding that he had not been seen by the bar tender from the place, he had paid his board bill, and it was thought had left the city for parts unknown. Browning's money had not the appetite of his young friend, but the $150 which also was missed. Then, and not till then, the truth dawned upon the minds of the parties that they had been duped, and with sorrowful steps he wended his way to the Union Depot and left the city of his disaster, fully aware that no police force can ever return him his missing cash. One thing, however, he earnestly requests, if the man Brown should, in his clerical capacity, should hear any further news of the gallantry of the brother in law, he will be kindly pleased to write to Browning, P. O. Ypsilanti, Michigan, with his own address.

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LOCAL MATTERS.

Second Ward Lincoln and Oglesby Club.—All the officers, and all friendly to sustaining the organization, are requested to meet at Foster Building, No. 1 Dearborn street, on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, sharp, as business of importance will be presented. By order of the Committee.

Look at the extensive stock of G. T. Bolton & Co., 95, 100, and 102 Randolph street for sportsmen's suits; you will find them in every variety of style and comfortably low in price.

Janesville and Madison.—We call the attention of our readers to a notice found in another column of an excursion to Janesville and Madison, Wisconsin.

House and Sign Painting, Calcimining, Glazing and Graining. Paper Hangings and Window shades selling at wholesale and retail at New York prices. F. E. ROBY, 89 Randolph street. Box 5086.

Visit Belding & Co.'s if you wish sporting jackets or suits. They will *suit* you to a T.

Bryant & Stratton's Chicago Telegraph. Dr. Stockton, of Rock Hill, Iowa, O Do., and in the world! Thirty-five telegraph instruments in constant use. Address

BRYANT & STRATTON,
jy3-m96-2t DAW Chicago, Ill.

Metropolitan Hall to Mount.—This Hall is to-night for the purpose for which such halls are ordinarily used. A meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee will be held, and the arrangements for the proper solemnization of the Democratic Convention of the 9th will be made. Hon. Isaac N. Arnold, Hon. James B. Bradwell, Hon. I. N. Arnold, Hon. John C. Haines, Hon. Andrew Johnson, Harvey, Isham, Towne, Stevenson, and Hoyne.

The meeting adjourned till 10 a. m. on Monday.

STAY THE MEETING.

The Committee of Management met at 8 o'clock on Saturday evening, pursuant to the adjournment, Colonel Taylor reported that he had ascertained that the Committee of Arrangements, with Alderman D. Gilbert, had made all the necessary arrangements for the reception of the remains of Colonel Mulligan were then at Pittsburg, and would be sent on a special train, which would arrive in this city at 8 o'clock on Monday morning. Colonel Taylor also reported that the Committee of Arrangements would be in the procession with music, and that all such organizations be requested to report at the northeast corner of Randolph street, with Chief Marshal.

Ordered, That Colonel Joseph H. Tucker be appointed Chief Marshal, and that he appoint his aids.

Ordered, That Colonel J. H. Tucker, Col. Hancock, Phillip Conley, and R. Prindeville, be appointed a Committee on Finance; that Mr. Prindeville, when he deems it necessary, draw drafts to defray the expenses of the funeral, and that in the absence of Col. Hancock, Col. Tucker be requested to act as Treasurer for his absence, and that Col. Tucker be requested to call a meeting of the Board of Trade.

The list of members of the Committee of Arrangements was then revised. It is now as follows: Col. Ezra Taylor, Colonel J. H. Tucker, Col. Hancock, Phillip Conley, and R. Prindeville, Major C. E. Moore, late of the 16th Illinois infantry, Capt. Jas. Smith, Capt. T. P. Harris, Rev. Reverend Dennis Dunn, Rev. W. B. Ogden, Esq. D. Gilbert, Esq., Hon. Thos. Hoyne, Jas. W. Sheahan, Jos. McClure, Esq., Wm. Bross, Esq., Phillip Conley, Esq., Esq., W. F. Newberry, Esq., and Wm. Staeger, Esq., Carrier.

Mr. Prindeville stated that when he was appointed to solicit subscriptions, it was to defray the expenses of the funeral. He found, however, that many who would not give for that purpose, would donate to a fund for the benefit of the widow and children of the deceased. He therefore suggested that a fund be raised for such purpose, which was unanimously adopted.

Judge Higgins approved of the idea, and considered the most appropriate way of raising the money. He had purchased a house and lot for Mrs. Mulligan which she could rent for $300 per annum, and he pledged $100 in aid of such means of support. He could guarantee to collect $1,000 to that end, or would make a loss of $600.

Hon. Thos. Hoyne said he would give $100 to the fund for Mrs. Mulligan and her children. [Applause.]

Rev. Judge Higgins made a similar donation.

Mr. Prindeville said he had just seen T. B. Bryan, Esq., who had tendered to the Committee the use of Bryan Hall, as a place of deposit for the remains of the gallant Colonel. They could have undisturbed possession of the Hall until Tuesday next.

Mr. Hoyne moved the passage of the following:

Ordered, That Bryan Hall be accepted as the place of deposit for the remains while in Chicago until the day of the funeral; and that the thanks of the Committee be tendered to T. B. Bryan, Esq., for his kind and characteristic offer. Carried.

Colonel Taylor thought that as the funeral services will be conducted in the church, it would be appropriate to have some oration or eulogy delivered in Bryan Hall upon the return of the cortege. Though he would favor the selection of the Baron street line of horse cars will run close by.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, NIAGARA FALLS.—We take great pleasure in recommending this house to the traveling public. We cannot speak of its merits in too flattering terms. It is kept as a hotel should be, and we feel sure that the public may be sure of receiving every attention. Among its many attractions is the splendid corset band, which is to be found at the Falls. About 10 o'clock are given three times a week, and much to the pleasure and interest of the guests.

ACCIDENT.—John Wayman, a son of ex-Constable Wayman, six years of age, was badly injured on Saturday while playing with a straw cutter in the barn of Mr. Hicks on West Lake street. His left hand was caught under the knife and all the fingers severed completely off just below the second joint. Dr. Wanner was called and dressed the wounds and the boy is now doing well.

SUN STROKE.—A lad about twelve years of age, named Matt Rowan, son of a grain trimmer, named Patrick Rowan, residing near Erie street bridge, was struck in the street on Saturday morning, while playing with other boys of his age, and when on North Clark, near Water, he suddenly fell. He was taken into the saloon of Mat Tighe and Shortly after expired. A physician was subpœnaed to be obtained. The boy is very low but it is believed he will recover.

NEW MUSIC.—B. N. Higgins, No. 117 Randolph street, has had published a very beautiful song, entitled "There will be no Vacant Chair," by A. E. Winnisteld, being a reply to the "Vacant Chair"; and "Sweet Bird," written by Hon. Horace P. Hayes. Mr. Higgins is adding largely to our stock of new music, his issues being generally of the best order, and he has weeks will well repay the conductor.

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Where the bullet's deadly rattle
Is the ruin of both a hall!
Hear a dying general speaking,
Cheering on by why will you flag?
And his words are words inspiring,
"Lay me down and save the flag!"

See the brave, faint and bleeding,
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Yet can he, his lines receding,
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Soldiers, I can't run away,
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Fired the foeman to the rear,
And the crowning rout made sweet,
Then they bore their leader home.
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Though I die where I fall,
Cry me, though fairy nurses cluster me,
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Then they left him "among the wounded,
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Nor one moment's stir they lay,
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Thus they left him, as he perished,
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MELVILLE'S AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS.—The enterprising managers of this popular circus have determined to pass the balmy months of cities and villages on the lake coasts an opportunity of seeing their ever-lent combination. They have chartered the "Governor Cushman," and will about the 10th of August, commence their cruise at Chicago, sailing up Lake Michigan, and will leave home visited by similar exhibitions. Upon the conclusion of this tour, the troupe will return to Chicago, arriving about the commencement of October.

CAPSIZED.—Yesterday a couple of sailors belonging to the schooner J. B. Scoville, named Sidney Smalley and Otto Jurmann were sculling a small boat in the north branch from one of them moored over the side to pick up a floating board and the little craft capsized, quickly spilling the followers of Neptune into the unfragrant stream. With the usual agility of old salts their sprang to the surface, righted their craft, bailed her out with their caps and proceeded on their way as though nothing had happened.

ROBBERY.—A woman named Ellen McCarty, and Adam Copp, were yesterday arrested and taken before Justice Bryan, charged with the larceny from the Matteson House of bed clothing and other articles valued at $100. The missing property was found secreted in a room in Hice's block. Both parties, being unable to find bail, were committed to await their trial in the Recorder's Court.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Young Men's Bible Class meets every Sabbath afternoon at room 3, over the store of S. Medill & Co., corner of Clark and Washington streets. All are invited. Strangers are requested to attend.

The Sabbath morning service of the First Baptist Church, which has been held in Bryan Hall, is discontinued, and all the services of the church will be held until further notice in the lecture room of the building, corner of Randolph avenue, and Dearborn street. Preaching at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

There will be services as usual in Christ Church this morning, commencing at 10½ o'clock.

The usual religious services will be held to-day at 10½ o'clock, in Desplaines Street Methodist Episcopal Church. Officiating Pastor, Rev. E. M. Boring. Subject for the evening: "The Intermediate State."

Rev. Upton H. Freeman, Rector of St. Stephen's Church—West Division—is supplying the pulpit of Trinity Church during the absence of the Rev. Dr. Cummins. Services at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

Browning had come to Chicago partly on business, and partly to see his children, and while here he consented to officiate as the clergyman of a fashionable wedding. The bridegroom was a wealthy and respectable "gentleman" of clerical aspect. The bride attended herself as the bride's maid. The ceremony was performed in the Fort Wayne Hotel, formerly a Chapsin in the 16th Michigan infantry. This last information, however, was not imparted until after the ceremony. The bride's maid then requested Browning to pray for the bridegroom, and while he was engaged in so doing the bridegroom and bride's maid quietly left the room, and the reverend gentleman was left alone with the bride. Browning then turned to the bride, and after handing over a large quantity of money and jewelry to his worthy sire, the young prosecuted his journey to the West, and the bridegroom would be robbed.

For some time the Rev Wilson demurred at the proceeding, pleading his perfect ignorance of Mr. Browning as a cause for that gentleman, but possessing sufficient confidence to have brought a suit, but at length his objections were overruled and he consented to marry the couple. It was then ascertained that the former would take his "receipt" for the amount Browning consequently handed over a bank bill, for which he received $100, and left for McVicker's. On the road however Wilson suggested that they should "take a drink" to celebrate the consummation of the play, and accordingly the pair entered a saloon in the vicinity of the Chester and paid for the drinks. While here the young friend left the house "for a few moments" by a rear door, and up to latest accounts had not returned. The bride and bridegroom left the hotel to seek him there, but finding that he had not been seen by the bar tender from the place, he had paid his board bill, and it was thought had left the city for parts unknown. Browning's money had not the appetite of his young friend, but the $150 which also was missed. Then, and not till then, the truth dawned upon the minds of the parties that they had been duped, and with sorrowful steps he wended his way to the Union Depot and left the city of his disaster, fully aware that no police force can ever return him his missing cash. One thing, however, he earnestly requests, if the man Brown should, in his clerical capacity, should hear any further news of the gallantry of the brother in law, he will be kindly pleased to write to Browning, P. O. Ypsilanti, Michigan, with his own address.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Second Ward Lincoln and Oglesby Club.—All the officers, and all friendly to sustaining the organization, are requested to meet at Foster Building, No. 1 Dearborn street, on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, sharp, as business of importance will be presented. By order of the Committee.

Look at the extensive stock of G. T. Bolton & Co., 95, 100, and 102 Randolph street for sportsmen's suits; you will find them in every variety of style and comfortably low in price.

Janesville and Madison.—We call the attention of our readers to a notice found in another column of an excursion to Janesville and Madison, Wisconsin.

House and Sign Painting, Calcimining, Glazing and Graining. Paper Hangings and Window shades selling at wholesale and retail at New York prices. F. E. ROBY, 89 Randolph street. Box 5086.

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jy3-m96-2t DAW Chicago, Ill.

Metropolitan Hall to Mount.—This Hall is to-night for the purpose for which such halls are ordinarily used. A meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee will be held, and the arrangements for the proper solemnization of the Democratic Convention of the 9th will be made. Hon. Isaac N. Arnold, Hon. James B. Bradwell, Hon. I. N. Arnold, Hon. John C. Haines, Hon. Andrew Johnson, Harvey, Isham, Towne, Stevenson, and Hoyne.

The meeting adjourned till 10 a. m. on Monday.

STAY THE MEETING.

The Committee of Management met at 8 o'clock on Saturday evening, pursuant to the adjournment, Colonel Taylor reported that he had ascertained that the Committee of Arrangements, with Alderman D. Gilbert, had made all the necessary arrangements for the reception of the remains of Colonel Mulligan were then at Pittsburg, and would be sent on a special train, which would arrive in this city at 8 o'clock on Monday morning. Colonel Taylor also reported that the Committee of Arrangements would be in the procession with music, and that all such organizations be requested to report at the northeast corner of Randolph street, with Chief Marshal.

Ordered, That Colonel Joseph H. Tucker be appointed Chief Marshal, and that he appoint his aids.

Ordered, That Colonel J. H. Tucker, Col. Hancock, Phillip Conley, and R. Prindeville, be appointed a Committee on Fin